Synthesis of an Optically Active C-Functionalized Cyclam: (S)-5-(Hydroxymethyl)-

1,4,8,11-tetra-azacyclotetradecane and its Nickel(II) Complex

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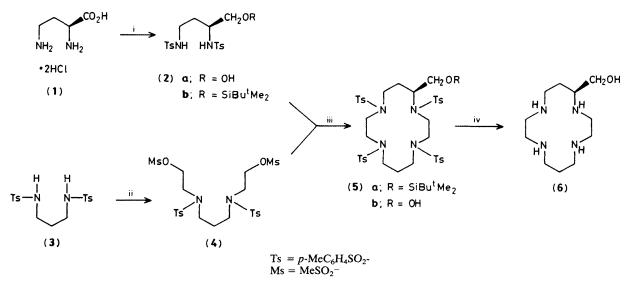
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An optically active cyclam ligand bearing a functionalized side chain appended to a ring carbon and its nickel(II) complex are readily prepared from a diamino acid precursor.

Among the wealth of macrocyclic polyamine ligands the cyclam[†] family has enjoyed particular favour for its ability to

† Cyclam = 1,4,8,11-tetra-azacyclotetradecane.

impart kinetic and thermodynamic stability to various oxidation states of ligated transition metals.^{1,2} Recently, cyclam derivatives bearing functionalized side chains have been investigated wherein the pendant group may provide either an additional ligating site or a point of further synthetic elabora-



Scheme 1. Reagents: i, 2.2 equiv. TsCl, aq. NaOH; BH₃-THF, 0–20 °C, 16 h; Bu'Me₂SiCl, imidazole, dimethylformamide (DMF), 20 °C, 2 h; ii, 10 equiv. ethylene carbonate, K_2CO_3 , DMF, 60 °C, 24 h; 2.2 equiv. MsCl, NEt₃, CH₂Cl₂, 2 h; iii, Cs₂CO₃, DMF, 70 °C, 24 h; Buⁿ₄N+F⁻, THF; iv, Li, NH₃-MeOH-THF.

tion in order to develop metal-promoted reactions and biomimetic systems.³⁻⁵ The present communication describes the first optically active C-functionalized cyclam bearing, in this case, a hydroxymethyl substituent.

The synthesis of the title compound, (6), from (S)-2,4diaminobutyric acid is summarized in Scheme 1. In order to minimize both intramolecular cyclization (to a y-lactam) and racemization, (1) was first converted into the N,N'ditosylamide and then reduced with BH₂tetrahydrofuran(THF) to the corresponding alcohol, (2a), obtained in 80% yield as a white solid crystallized from methylene chloride (m.p. 118-120 °C). The optical purity of (2a) was determined by the method of Feringa⁶ to be >90%. Conversion into the t-butyldimethylsilyl ether provided the top portion of the macrocycle, (2b).

The remaining portion of the macrocycle was constructed by N-alkylation of (3) with ethylene carbonate and conversion of the resultant diol to the dimethanesulphonate (4) in 90% overall yield. Macrocyclization of (2b) with (4) followed the Kellogg⁷ modification of the Richman-Atkins⁸ procedure utilizing Cs₂CO₃ and produced compound (5a) in 80% yield after flash column chromatography (1:1 ether-hexane). However, the yield of macrocyclization was only 10% if the unprotected alcohol (2a) was used. Since silvlation and subsequent deprotection proceed in high yields (>90% each), these extra steps present minimal loss of material. Accordingly, desilylation of (5a) with Bu_4N+F- gave the macrocyclic alcohol (5b), an intermediate suitable for further derivatization of the side chain. In this work, (5b) was carried directly on to the desired ligand via reductive cleavage of the tosyl groups with Li-NH₃ and precipitation of the tetrahydrochloride salt of (6) from 90% aqueous ethanol (m.p. 275-6 °C, decomp.). The free amine was prepared by extraction into chloroform from an aqueous NaOH solution.

Characterization of ligand (6) provided spectral and analytical data consistent with the proposed structure, including $[\alpha]_D^{20} = 11.4^{\circ}$ (c 1.4, CHCl₃) and ¹H n.m.r. resonances (CDCl₃) at δ 3.41 (dd, J 2, 10.5 Hz, 1H) and 3.65 (dd, J 4.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H) for the hydroxymethylene group. The NiCl₂ (6) complex was prepared in methanol and recrystallized from 3:1 MeOH-EtOAc to yield lavender crystals. The stoicheiometry of the complex was confirmed by microanalysis. Unlike the parent NiCl₂·cyclam⁹ the hydroxymethylcyclam complex remains violet in MeOH solution [$\lambda(\epsilon)$: 346(20), 526(10), 670(<3) nm] suggesting participation of the sidearm hydroxy in metal co-ordination, perhaps in a similar way to related Co^{III} and Ni^{II} complexes.^{4,10}

In summary, a stereogenic centre may be incorporated into the cyclam macrocycle by the use of an optically active diamino acid. Chiral Ni^{II} and Co^{III} complexes find applications as resolving agents¹¹ and may be of use in asymmetric oxidations¹² and carbon–carbon bond forming reactions.¹³

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